
Access Free 1798 Rebellion Irish The Of Armies

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KEY=ARMIES - RHETT JOHNNY

Armies of the Irish Rebellion 1798

Bloomsbury Publishing In 1798, the Irish rose up against the corrupt English government run out of Dublin. Joined by both Protestants and Catholics, the rebellion quickly spread across the country. Although the Irish peasantry were armed mostly with pikes, they were able to overwhelm a number of small, isolated British outposts. However, even with the half-hearted assistance of the French, the Irish could not compete with the organized ranks of the British Army when under competent leadership. In a brutal turning of the tide, the Redcoats plowed through the rebels. In just three months, between 15,000 and 30,000 people died, most of them Irish. This book tells the story of this harsh, but fascinating, period of Irish history and covers the organization and uniforms of the forces involved.

Andrew Bryson's Ordeal

An Epilogue to the 1798 Rebellion

Irish Narratives Andrew Bryson was punished for his part in the 1798 Irish rebellion by compulsory enlistment in the regular army. In a long and reflective letter to his sister, written in 1801 after his escape to New York, Bryson provides a vivid chronicle of his enforced travels through Ireland and beyond.

An Impartial History of the Irish Rebellion, in the Year 1798

And the Causes, Rise and Progress
of that Event ; with an Account of
the Battles Fought Between the
King's Troops and the Insurgents ;
Also the State Trials and
Examinations of the Rebel Chiefs
The Irish Confederates, and the
Rebellion of 1798

A Guide to Irish Military Heritage

Four Courts Press Ltd This guide is designed to help those conducting research in all aspects of Irish military history. Commissioned by the Military Heritage of Ireland Trust, which was established in 2000 to foster knowledge of this heritage, it lists the institutions, archives, public bodies and organizations that specifically hold relevant information on military heritage, relating from the earliest times to the present day. Also included is a listing of fortifications, battle sites and places in Ireland relevant to military events in its broadest sense. Where possible, email, website and telephone details are also included, as are museum and archival depositories opening times. The guide is completed with an extensive bibliography listing books and articles that have been published on military history, particularly those in the last twenty years.

Sequel to Personal Narrative of the "Irish Rebellion" of 1798

Rebellion in Wicklow

General Joseph Holt's Personal Account of 1798

Four Courts Press Ltd Published for the first time, this is the account, in his own words, of one of the most active of all the United Irish military leaders. Joseph Holt was about 40 years old at the time of the 1798 rebellion. A comfortably-off tenant farmer, he threw in his lot with the rebels more out of a sense of grievance than for idealistic reasons. He came to the fore after the main Wexford battles, as captain, colonel and general, and successfully operated as a guerrilla leader from the shelter of the Wicklow mountains. He held out long after the main rebellion had ended, before surrendering to the authorities in November 1798. He was deported, but eventually returned to Ireland. A sanitised version of his memoirs was published in 1838. This new edition is the first full and accurate transcript of the Irish part of his memoirs. -- Publisher description.

History of the Irish Rebellion of 1798

Quarter bound in leather with marbled boards Handwritten note ot say that 'the author of this work is Fitzpatrick a well known Dublin publisher, signed by P O'Brian? No title page.

The Great Irish Rebellion of 1798

Irish Amer Book Company To mark the 200th anniversary of the 1798 Rebellion, RTE Radio 1 commissioned 13 historians to provide their insights into the rising. These lectures set Ireland in the context of Revolutionary Europe and trace the development of the United Irishman's political cultural philosophy.

An Impartial History of the Irish Rebellion, in the year 1798; and the causes, rise and progress of that event; with an account of the

battles fought between the Kings
troops and the Insurgents. Also the
state trials and examinations of the
rebel chiefs. Illustrated with an
historical view of Ireland from ...
1684, to 1803

The History of the Irish Rebellion, in
the Year 1798, &c.,

Containing an Impartial Narrative of
the Proceedings of the Irish
Revolutionists, from the Year 1782
Till the Total Suppression of the
Insurrection; : with a Review of the
History of Ireland, from Its First
Invasion by the English, Till the
Commencement of the Rebellion. In
Two Volumes..

A History of the Irish Rebellion in
the year, 1798 ... Collected from
the best authorities: with notes,
historical and explanatory, etc
Personal Narrative of the "Irish
Rebellion" of 1798

History of the Irish Rebellion of
1798

And Sequel to the History of the
Irish Rebellion of 1798

Irish Academic Press

History of the Rebellion in Ireland,
in the Year 1798

&c., Containing an Impartial
Account of the Proceedings of the
Irish Revolutionists, from the Year
1782 Till the Suppression of the
Rebellion. With an Appendix to

Illustrate Some Facts

History of the Irish Rebellion in
1798

With Memoirs of the Union, and
Emmett's Insurrection in 1803

History of the Irish Rebellion in
1798

With Memoirs of the Union, and
Emmett's Insurrection in 1803

History of the Irish Rebellion of
1798

A Personal Narrative

An Impartial Narrative of the Most
Important Engagements

Which Took Place Between His
Majesty's Forces and the Rebels,

During the Irish Rebellion, 1798. ...
Carefully Collected from Authentic
Letters

History of the Irish rebellion in
1798; with memoirs of the union
[&c.].

A History of the Irish Rebellion, in
the Year, 1798. Containing I. An
Enquiry Into Its Causes ; with a
View of the Political State of Ireland
Since the Reign of Henry the
Second. II. The Secret Progress of
the Rebellion, Previous to the
Insurrection in May 1798. III. A
Narrative of the Rebellion from
May, to the Defeat of the French
and Rebel Army in the August

Following. IV. Remarkable Atrocities
 Committed by the Rebels ; and
 Their Extraordinary Persecution of
 Several Individuals. The Whole
 Impartially Collected from the Best
 Authorities: with Notes, Historical
 and Explanatory: Including
 Authentic Documents Referred to in
 the Work: and Other Interesting
 Particulars

The Year of Liberty

The Story of the Great Irish
 Rebellion of 1798

*"The Irish Rebellion of 1798 (Irish: Éirí Amach 1798), also known as the United Irishmen Rebellion (Irish: Éirí Amach na nÉireannach Aontaithe), was an uprising against British rule in Ireland lasting from May to September 1798. The United Irishmen, a republican revolutionary group influenced by the ideas of the American and French revolutions, were the main organising force behind the rebellion."--
 Wikipedia.*

Up for the Green

A Romance of the Irish Rebellion of

1798

The “Irish Rebellion of 1798,” with Numerous Historical Sketches, Etc

The Irish Rebellion of 1798

The Summer Soldiers

The 1798 Rebellion in Antrim and Down

The story of the seven days, from 6 June 1798, when a coalition of idealistic Presbyterians and Catholics challenged the might of the Anglican establishment in Antrim and Down. It draws on contemporary diaries, letters and reports to present a history of the United Irishmen rising in the North.

The History of the Irish Rebellion

In the Year 1798, &c. ... with a Review of the History of Ireland from Its First Invasion by the English ...

1798 Rebellion in County Down

Newtownards County Down Northern Ireland

The Irish Rebellion of 1798

History of the rebellion in Ireland in ... 1798. With an appendix The Irish Militia, 1793-1802 Ireland's Forgotten Army

Four Courts Press Ltd This is the story of the Irish militia in the first period of its existence, the turbulent era of the French revolutionary wars from 1793 to 1802. The Irish militia has been much criticized, and its reputation has been much maligned, but there has been little sustained research into the force, which is redressed by this account. This book covers the organization, composition and embodiment of the militia, as well as dealing with weapons, commissions, perceptions of duty, loyalty of militiamen, leadership and discipline of the men. It sets the Irish militia in its context as a part of the British army of the time and comments on the poor training and discipline of this force as it confronted the French. The author reconsiders the operational performance of the militia and shows how it withstood the 1798 rebellion, which it ultimately defeated. Lapses of discipline are not glossed over, but neither are the numerous examples of personal bravery, and unit steadfastness. The result is a detailed and fascinating account of a much maligned force written by a soldier about soldiers who have been largely misrepresented and seemingly forgotten in Ireland.

The Irish Rebellion of 1798 From the Journal of Colonel Heyland, of Glendaragh, with Copy of Address to the United Irishmen by the Brothers Sheares, and General Humbert's Address to the Army

An Impartial Narrative of the Most Important Engagements which Took Place Between His Majesty's Forces and the Insurgents, During the Irish Rebellion, 1798

Including Very Interesting Information Not Before Published. Carefully Collected from Authentic Letters

History of the rebellion in Ireland, in ... 1798; containing an impartial account of the proceedings of the Irish Revolutionists ... With an account of the insurrection in Dublin, in ... 1803, etc

An Ascendancy Army

The Irish Yeomanry, 1796-1834

Four Courts Press Ltd While most historians of the period in Ireland focus on revolt, the author looks at the Irishmen who became part of the British imperial army, who at its highest point number 80,000. Yet it has been largely neglected by historians.

Using a wide range of primary sources this book reconstructs its organisational system and provides a membership profile in social and religious terms. The Yeomanry's origins are located in the tradition of protestant self-defence stretching back to the plantations. Its linkages with the old Irish Volunteers and the recently formed Orange Order are investigated to shed new light on the critical years leading up to the 1798 rebellion.

The War in Wexford

An Account of the Rebellion in the South of Ireland in 1798

London, Lane

Protestant Women's Narratives of the Irish Rebellion of 1798

Four Courts Press Ltd Of the women who were caught up in the turbulent events of 1798, only a few left behind a written record of what they witnessed. Most of the known accounts, written as historical narratives, are gathered together for the first time in this book. Some are well known to rebellion scholars, while others are more obscure and have either never been published or have appeared in an extensively bowdlerized form. The editor has gone back to the original manuscripts in many cases and reproduced them faithful to their original wording. The book contains extensive annotations, with biographical sketches of the narrators as well as references to a host of associated individuals that will interest not only students of the rebellion, but also local historians and genealogists. The Narratives offer a unique window on the lives of Irish women more than two centuries ago, and their words have a stirring poignancy that continues to make their accounts compelling reading.

An Impartial History of the Irish Rebellion, in the Year 1798; and the Causes, Rise and Progress of That Event; with an Account of the

Battles Fought

Rarebooksclub.com This historic book may have numerous typos and missing text. Purchasers can usually download a free scanned copy of the original book (without typos) from the publisher. Not indexed. Not illustrated. 1820 edition. Excerpt: ... exertions to suppress them. 'Authorized for a discretionary disposition of his troops, to disarm the malecontents and prevent insurrection, (by a letter, dated March the third, 1797, from the right: honourable Thomas Pelham, secretary to the lord lieutenant), general Lake, bearing the chief command in the northern district of the kingdom, issued, on the thirteenth of that month a proclamation, enjoining all persons not empowered to keep arms, by government, to surrender their arms and ammunition to the commanding officers in their several neighbourhoods, and promising to informers inviolable secrecy, together with rewards to the full value of the stores of war discovered in consequence of, their information. The troops were so disposed as to search all suspected places for military stores, and to prevent unlawful assemblies, especially in the night, after a certain hour, in which all persons found abroad, without authority were liable to arrest and punishment: but the quantity of arms thus collected proving comparatively small, and the plans of the society still remaining in force, whose exertions at the assizes, during the circuit in the succeeding month of April, so far frustrated the prosecutions of the crown, as to render the result rather an encouragement than the contrary to the conspirators; measures of a still more forcible nature were demanded. A Orders to the military to act without the civil power.. "Anothe'r proclamation from the lord lieutenant was issued on the seventeenth of the following month, declaring the efforts of the civil power to have been found inadequate for the preservation of the public peace; the most effectual orders to have been sent to the officers of his majesty's...

History of the Rebellion in Ireland, in the Year 1798, &c

Containing an Impartial Account of
the Proceedings of the Irish
Revolutionists, from the Year 1782,
Till the Suppression of the

Rebellion. With an Appendix to Illustrate Some Facts. With Considerable Additions; and a Preface, Containing a Reply to the Observations of Sir Richard Musgrave, Bart., Upon this Work The Disparity of Sacrifice Irish Recruitment to the British Armed Forces, 1914-1918

During the First World War approximately 200,000 Irish men and 5,000 Irish women served in the British armed forces. All were volunteers and a very high proportion were from Catholic and Nationalist communities. This book is the first comprehensive analysis of Irish recruitment between 1914 and 1918 for the island of Ireland as a whole. It makes extensive use of previously neglected internal British army recruiting returns held at The National Archives, Kew, along with other valuable archival and newspaper sources. There has been a tendency to discount the importance of political factors in Irish recruitment, but this book demonstrates that recruitment campaigns organised under the auspices of the Irish National Volunteers and Ulster Volunteer Force were the earliest and some of the most effective campaigns run throughout the war. The British government conspicuously failed to create an effective recruiting organisation or to mobilise civic society in Ireland. While the military mobilisation which occurred between 1914 and 1918 was the largest in Irish history, British officials persistently characterised it as inadequate, threatening to introduce conscription in 1918. This book also reflects on the disparity of sacrifice between North-East Ulster and the rest of Ireland, urban and rural Ireland, and Ireland and Great Britain.