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LA GUERRA DI CANDIA 1645-1669

CONVERSION AND ISLAM IN THE EARLY MODERN MEDITERRANEAN

THE LURE OF THE OTHER

Taylor & Francis *The topic of religious conversion into and out of Islam as a historical phenomenon is mired in a sea of debate and misunderstanding. It has often been viewed as the permanent crossing of not just a religious divide, but in the context of the early modern Mediterranean also political, cultural and geographic boundaries. Reading between the lines of a wide variety of sources, however, suggests that religious conversion between Christianity, Judaism and Islam often had a more pragmatic and prosaic aspect that constituted a form of cultural translation and a means of establishing communal belonging through the shared, and often contested articulation of religious identities. The chapters in this volume do not view religion simply as a specific set of orthodox beliefs and strict practices to be adopted wholesale by the religious individual or convert. Rather, they analyze conversion as the acquisition of a set of historically contingent social practices, which facilitated the process of social, political or religious acculturation. Exploring the role conversion played in the fabrication of cosmopolitan Mediterranean identities, the volume examines the idea of the convert as a mediator and translator between cultures. Drawing upon a diverse range of research areas and linguistic skills, the volume utilises primary sources in Ottoman, Persian, Arabic, Latin, German, Hungarian and English within a variety of genres including religious tracts, diplomatic correspondence, personal memoirs, apologetics, historical narratives, official documents and commands, legal texts and court records, and religious polemics. As a result, the collection provides readers with theoretically informed, new research on the subject of conversion to or from Islam in the early modern Mediterranean world.*

NOBILITY, FAITH AND MASCULINITY

THE HOSPITALLER KNIGHTS OF MALTA, C.1580-C.1700

A&C Black *This is an important study of elite European noblemen who joined the Order of Malta. The Order - functioning in parallel with the convents that absorbed the surplus daughters of the nobility - provided a highly respectable outlet for sons not earmarked for marriage. The process of becoming a Hospitaller was a semi-structured one, involving clear-cut (if flexible) social and financial requirements on the part of the candidate, and a mixture of formal and informal socialization into the ways of the Order. Once enrolled, a Hospitaller became part of a very hierarchical and ethnically mixed organisation, within which he could seek offices and status. This process was delineated by a complex interaction of internal factors - hierarchy, patriarchy and age - set within external mechanisms such as papal patronage and interference. This book is innovative in its methodology, drawing on a wide range of sources and applying historiographical approaches not previously brought to bear on the Order.*

PEASANTS AND SOLDIERS

THE MANAGEMENT OF THE VENETIAN MILITARY STRUCTURE IN THE MAINLAND DOMINION BETWEEN THE 16TH AND 17TH CENTURIES

Taylor & Francis *Early-modern Venice is predominantly remembered as a maritime power, yet historians have become increasingly interested in its political and military aspirations within the Italian mainland. Adding to the growing literature on this subject, Giulio Ongaro's book addresses the practical management of the Venetian military apparatus in this period. Focusing on two provinces - Vicenza and Brescia - he interrogates a broad spectrum of primary source documents produced by these rural communities that illuminate Venetian military activities between the mid-sixteenth century and the end of the War of Candia in 1670. From the production of the saltpeter, the construction of the fortresses, the supplying and the training of the rural militia and the quartering of troops, this book shows how essential military activities were managed and overseen at the local level. In so doing, it demonstrates how local autonomy over the management of Venetian military apparatus - particularly from an economic point of view - did not necessarily conflict with wider, ongoing processes of state building or moves towards the centralization of particular public functions. Indeed the state appeared to encourage local élites (initially urban, then rural) to take a leading role in overseeing the localised management of military tasks. The result was a system that both supported the resilience of the local economy (both public and private), and which strengthened and improved the Republic's military assets, allowing it to remain the only Italian state free from the domination of European monarchies.*

ELEVATING AND SAFEGUARDING CULTURE USING TOOLS OF THE INFORMATION SOCIETY: DUSTY TRACES OF THE MUSLIM CULTURE

Earthlab

VENETIAN RENAISSANCE FORTIFICATIONS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN

McFarland *The Renaissance was a revolution of ideas, arts and sciences alike, with Italy at its center. Venice was among the first states to embrace new concepts in fortification, which would dominate military architecture for centuries. In the age of large galley fleets and an expanding Ottoman Empire, the mighty defenses of the Republic of Venice protected faraway territories in the Mediterranean, and some of the largest and best preserved Renaissance fortifications are found on the former Venetian islands. This book illustrates in detail the impressive defenses of Cyprus, Crete and Corfu, their design and their war record. Walled towns and fortresses were constructed to the latest standards of military technology, with walls capable of withstanding the largest armies and the longest sieges, including the longest in history—22 years.*

DIALOGUE IN THE MED: EXPLORING IDENTITY THROUGH NETWORKS

Lulu.com

LE MISSIONI CATTOLICHE NEI BALCANI DURANTE LA GUERRA DI CANDIA (1645-1669)

CATALOGUE OF ADDITIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPTS IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM IN THE YEARS MDCCCXLVI-MDCCCXLVII

CATALOGUE OF ADDITIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPTS

IN THE YEARS ...

CATALOGUE OF ADDITIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPTS

IN THE YEARS ..

TOWN AND COUNTRY ON THE MIDDLE DANUBE, 1526-1690

BRILL *This volume provides new insights into the social and economic history of the region along with the applicability of improved devices of analysis on the local level to issues of taxation and demography in the wider areas of Ottoman Empire.*

RANSOM SLAVERY ALONG THE OTTOMAN BORDERS

(EARLY FIFTEENTH - EARLY EIGHTEENTH CENTURIES)

BRILL *The volume is an ambitious attempt to give a comprehensive picture of trade in captives along the European borders of the Ottoman Empire, especially in Central Europe. It brings together a great deal of so far unpublished archival material and thus integrates a new area into the research.*

CATALOG OF ADDITIONS TO THE MANUSCRIPTS IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM

UN CONFINE NEL MEDITERRANEO

L'ADRIATICO ORIENTALE TRA ITALIA E SLAVIA (1300-1900)

Viella Libreria Editrice *L'Adriatico orientale è una delle zone più complesse del Mediterraneo. Il libro propone una lettura di questo litorale: confine tra modelli di civiltà, frontiera tra Stati e religioni, un soggetto/oggetto storico di per sé ancora non compreso. Più nello specifico, si interpreta qui laaglia divisoria, il confine tra Italia e Slavia, intese come dimensioni linguistiche e di identificazione, che per secoli si sono sedimentate, confrontate e infine contrapposte sulle rive orientali dell'Adriatico. I confini orientali d'Italia sfumano tra le civiltà urbane vincolate a Venezia e l'entroterra montuoso, si confondono nella stessa Slavia adriatica, in una reciprocità che complica l'idea dello spazio culturale e nazionale omogeneo, sia italiano sia slavo. Sullo sfondo di una riflessione storiografica transnazionale, e con lo sguardo non circoscritto alle periodizzazioni tradizionali, il libro ripercorre le convivenze e le divisioni tra popolazioni, decostruisce l'idea stessa di confine, andando oltre i canoni delle storiografie coinvolte e le separazioni culturali ancora vive in queste terre mediterranee.*

SCHIAVITÙ E SERVAGGIO NELL'ECONOMIA EUROPEA. SECC. XI-XVIII = SERFDOM AND SLAVERY IN THE EUROPEAN ECONOMY**ATTI DELLA "QUARANTECINQUESIMA SETTIMANA DI STUDI", 14-18 APRILE 2013 ATTI DELLA "QUARANTECINQUESIMA SETTIMANA DI STUDI", 14-18 APRILE 2013**

Firenze University Press

ISLANDS AND MILITARY ORDERS, C.1291-C.1798

Routledge *At the heart of this volume is a concern with exploring levels of interaction between two particular objects of study, islands on the one hand, and military orders on the other. According to Fernand Braudel, islands are, 'often brutally', caught 'between the two opposite poles of archaism and innovation.' What happened when these particular environments interacted with the Military Orders? The various contributions in this volume address this question from a variety of angles. 1291 was a significant year for the main military orders: uprooted from their foundations in the Holy Land, they took refuge on Cyprus and in the following years found themselves vulnerable to those who questioned the validity of their continued existence. The Teutonic Order negated this by successfully transferring their headquarters to Prussia; the Knights Templar, however, faced suppression. Meanwhile, the Knights Hospitaller conquest of Rhodes assured both their survival and independence. Islands are often, by definition, seen to be embodiments of 'insularity', of an effort to be separate, distinct, cut-off. Military Orders are, conversely, international in scope, nature and personnel, the 'first international orders of the Church', as they have often been described. Therein lies the crux of the matter: how did insular outposts and international institutions come together to forge distinct and often successful experiments? Hospitaller Rhodes and Malta still impress with their magnificent architectural heritage, but their success went beyond stone and mortar and the story of islands and military orders, as will be clearly shown in this volume, also goes beyond these two small islands. The interaction between the two levels - insulation and internationalisation - and the interstices therein, created spaces conducive to both dynamism and stability as military orders and islands adapted to each other's demands, limitations and opportunities.*

MONUMENTI VENETI NELL'ISOLA DI CRETA**LE MISSIONI CATTOLICHE NEI BALCANI DURANTE LA GUERRA DI CANDIA (1645-1669)****TOLERANCE AND INTOLERANCE ON THE TRIPLEX CONFINIUM****APPROACHING THE "OTHER" ON THE BORDERLANDS EASTERN ADRIATIC AND BEYOND, 1500-1800**

The Triplex Confinium, or triple border, was an actual point in the proximity of the town of Knin in Croatia, between the Habsburg Empire, the Ottoman Empire and the Republic of Venice after the peace treaty of Karlowitz in 1699. The Triplex Confinium, as an area and experience of living on the crossroads of different civilizations, cultures and religions in a long historical perspective, inspired an international research project focused upon the comparative history and intercultural approaches of borders and borderlands in Southeast Europe, where three distinctive political, cultural and confessional contexts encountered each other over the centuries. The Triplex Confinium is above all a metaphor of cultural challenges in the areas of multiple borderlands.

L'ARCHEOGRAFO TRIESTINO RACCOLTA DI OPUSCOLI E NOTIZIE PER TRIESTE E PER L'ISTRIA**ZIONIST WORK DURING 1921/1922****DISCORSO STORICO-GENEALOGICO DELLA FAMIGLIA NARDI, ETC. [WITH A PREFACE BY LIGUORO.]****سويسيات حميمة من المخطوط الفاتيكاني العربي رقم ٣٦٦****MOBILIERE, DECORATORE, INCISORE**

Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana v.48: Biondo, Flavio. Scritti inediti e rari di Biondo Flavio... 1927.

ARCHEOGRAFO TRIESTINO**KRIEGS-CHRONIK ÖSTERREICH-UNGARNS****MILITÄRISCHER FÜHRER AUF DEN KRIEGSSCHAUPLÄTZEN DER MONARCHIE****CATALOGO SOLDIERSHOP 2020**Soldiershop Publishing *Soldiershop military and uniforms book catalogue***QUALE DIRITTO NEI CONFLITTI ARMATI? RELAZIONI E DOCUMENTI DI CONFERENZE (UNIVERSITÀ DI MILANO BICOCCA, MARZO-MAGGIO 2005)**

Giuffrè Editore

ARCHIVIO STORICO ITALIANO**PERIODICO TRIMESTRIALE : OSSIA RACCOLTA DI OPERE E DOCUMENTI FINORA INEDITI O DIVENUTI RARISSIMI RISGUARDANTI LA STORIA D'ITALIA****STORIA ARCANA ED ALTRI SCRITTI INEDITI****ARCHIVIO STORICO ITALIANO****ARCHIVO STORICO ITALIANO****DICTIONARY CATALOG OF THE RESEARCH LIBRARIES OF THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY, 1911-1971****LIGHT AND SHADOW****ISOLATION AND INTERACTION IN THE SHALA VALLEY OF NORTHERN ALBANIA**

ISD LLC *Employing survey archaeology, excavation, ethnographic study, and multinational archival work, the Shala Valley Project uncovered the many powerful, creative ways whereby the men and women of Shala shaped their world: through dynamic, world-systemic relationships with the powers that surrounded but never fully conquered them. The Shala Valley Project presents the highlanders, the malesore, in the full complexity of their lives, while also unveiling a new, deeper history for the region--a history that reaches back to an unexpected fortified Iron Age site. Light and Shadow tells many stories. Archaeologists, historians, and students of tribes, of empires, of imperial-indigenous relations, of blood feud, of kinship, of the built landscape, of world-systems theory and sustainability science, and more, will find much here to digest. The people of Shala, to which Light and Shadow is dedicated, may serve as an example in our modern age, one in which persistent, tribal peoples still fight for their survival, and seek to preserve some degree of independence from capitalist economies bent on their incorporation.*

GUERRES ET PAIX EN EUROPE CENTRALE AUX ÉPOQUES MODERNE ET CONTEMPORAINE**MÉLANGES D'HISTOIRE DES RELATIONS INTERNATIONALES OFFERTS À JEAN BÉRENGER**

Presses Paris Sorbonne *Réunit une série d'articles présentant l'état de la recherche sur les relations internationales en abordant tout particulièrement l'histoire de l'Europe centrale à partir de 1500 avec Charles Quint en passant par les missions de la papauté au XVIe siècle ou les relations franco-autrichiennes aux XIXe et XXe siècles.*

ARCHIVIO STORICO ITALIANO OSSIA RACCOLTA DI OPERE E DOCUMENTI FINORA INEDITI O DIVENUTI RARISSIMI RIGUARDANTI LA STORIA D'ITALIA**INNOCENZO XI ODESCALCHI****PAPA, POLITICO, COMMITENTE**

Viella Libreria Editrice *Il papato del comasco Innocenzo XI Odescalchi (1676-1689) rappresenta uno snodo decisivo nella rielaborazione della funzione e del valore simbolico del romano pontefice in quello che è stato definito il tempo della crisi della coscienza europea. Il risanamento delle finanze pontificie, il ruolo nodale nella vittoria viennese sui turchi e nella riconquista dell'Ungheria, la creazione del nuovo asse pontificio-imperiale-polacco, il tentativo di abolire il nepotismo e il coraggioso sforzo di riformulazione degli equilibri curiali, sono solo alcune delle tappe di uno dei pontificati più importanti dell'età moderna. Ma il papato Odescalchi può rivelarsi significativo anche sotto il profilo della committenza architettonica e figurativa. Di tutto ciò danno conto, fornendo un quadro aggiornato e di respiro europeo, i saggi qui raccolti.*

EUROPA CRISTIANA E IMPERO OTTOMANO

MOMENTI E PROBLEMATICHE

Hollitzer Wissenschaftsverlag Il volume, offrendo ventuno contributi di Studiosi provenienti da dieci Paesi europei, affronta il tema dell'espansione e presenza dei Turchi Ottomani nell'Europa sud-orientale dal secolo XIV al XX. L'analisi di questo processo politico e culturale viene condotta secondo una metodologia interdisciplinare e diacronica. Si propone una mappatura geografica co-istituzionale della diffusione ottomana nei Balcani. Particolare interesse è stato riservato alle strategie militari e allo sviluppo dell'"arte della guerra" elaborata su due versanti, quello dell'Impero Ottomano e l'altro delle potenze occidentali. Notevole rilievo acquisisce la prospettiva euristica dell'"immagine del Turco" nelle sue declinazioni artistiche, letterarie e filosofiche. La raccolta di Studi prende le mosse dal desiderio di una migliore conoscenza dell'Ottomanizzazione di larga parte dell'area balcanica, unitamente ad un sereno inquadramento storiografico della ricca civiltà generata da questo incontro di popoli, religioni e culture, vivissima ancora oggi.

I SERVIZI SEGRETI DI VENEZIA. SPIONAGGIO E CONTROSPIONAGGIO AI TEMPI DELLA SERENISSIMA

Il Saggiatore

JOSEPH KARDINAL HERGENRÖTHERS HANDBUCH DER ALLGEMEINEN KIRCHENGESCHICHTE
